

# FINE-SCALE URBAN CLIMATE PROJECTIONS FOR BRUSSELS WITH THE URBCLIM MODEL

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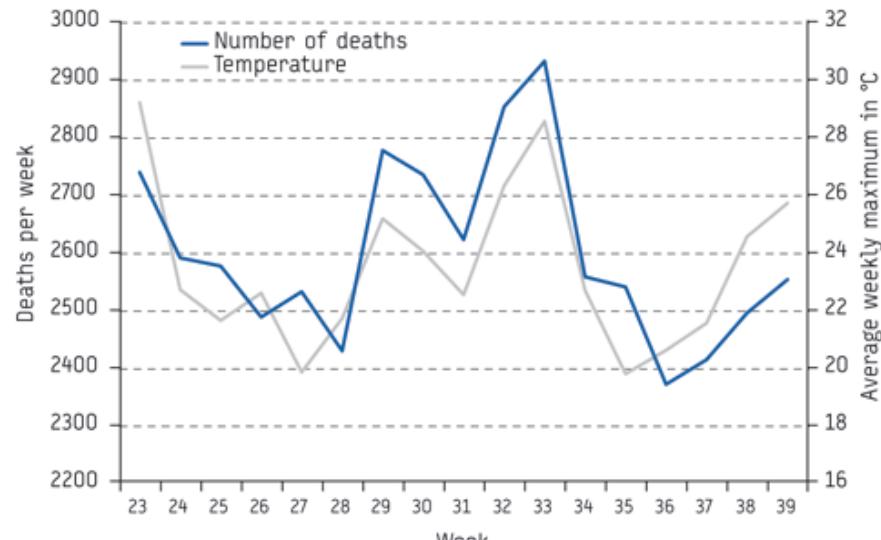
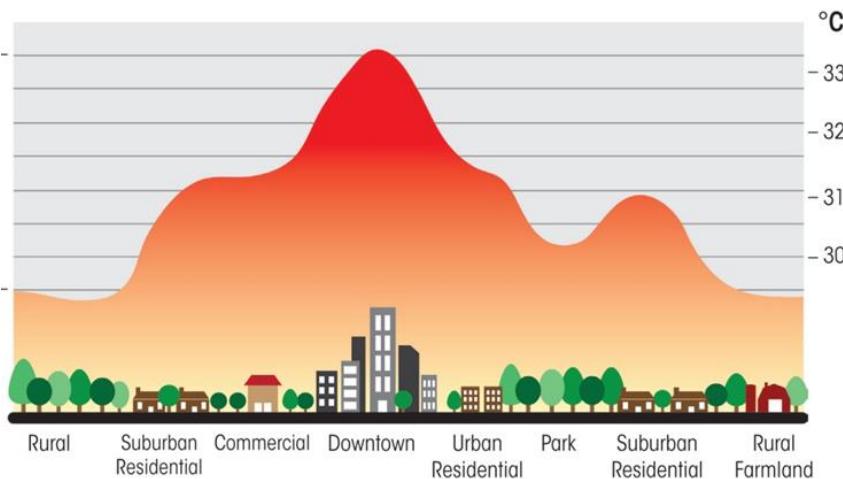
Hans Hooyberghs, Koen De Ridder, Bino Maiheu and Filip Lefebre



# URBAN MICROCLIMATE

## The Urban Heat Island

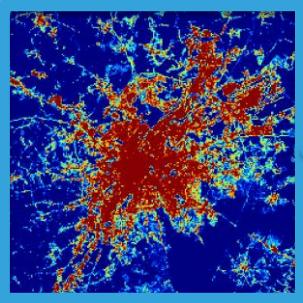
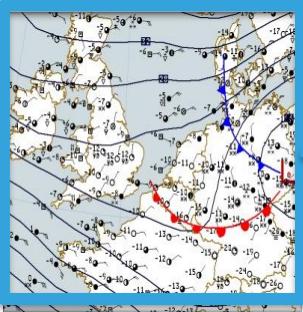
- Cities tend to be warmer than their rural surroundings
- Effect during the day and during the night
  - Nighttime: air temperatures
  - Daytime: heat stress (radiation)



Garssen et al., 2005

# THE URBCLIM MODEL

## Large-scale Meteorology



- Urban structure:**
- Vegetation
  - Soil sealing
  - Typology



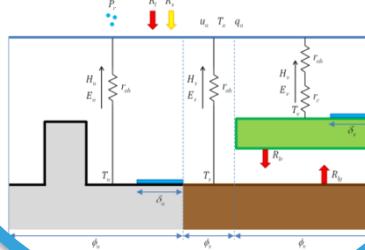
European Environment Agency

Copernicus

Europe's eyes on Earth

## UrbClim

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} &= -\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{\partial P_0}{\partial x} + fv - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\overline{u'w'}) \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} &= -\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{\partial P_0}{\partial y} - fu - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\overline{v'w'}) \\ \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} &= -\frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\overline{w'\theta'}) \\ \frac{\partial q}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial q}{\partial z} &= -\frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\overline{w'q'}) \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} &= 0.\end{aligned}$$

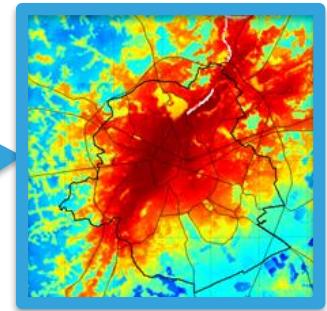


**Computation of impact of urban structures on boundary layer**

De Ridder et al., 2015, Urban Climate

**Hourly maps of:**

- Air temperature
- LST
- Humidity
- Wind speed

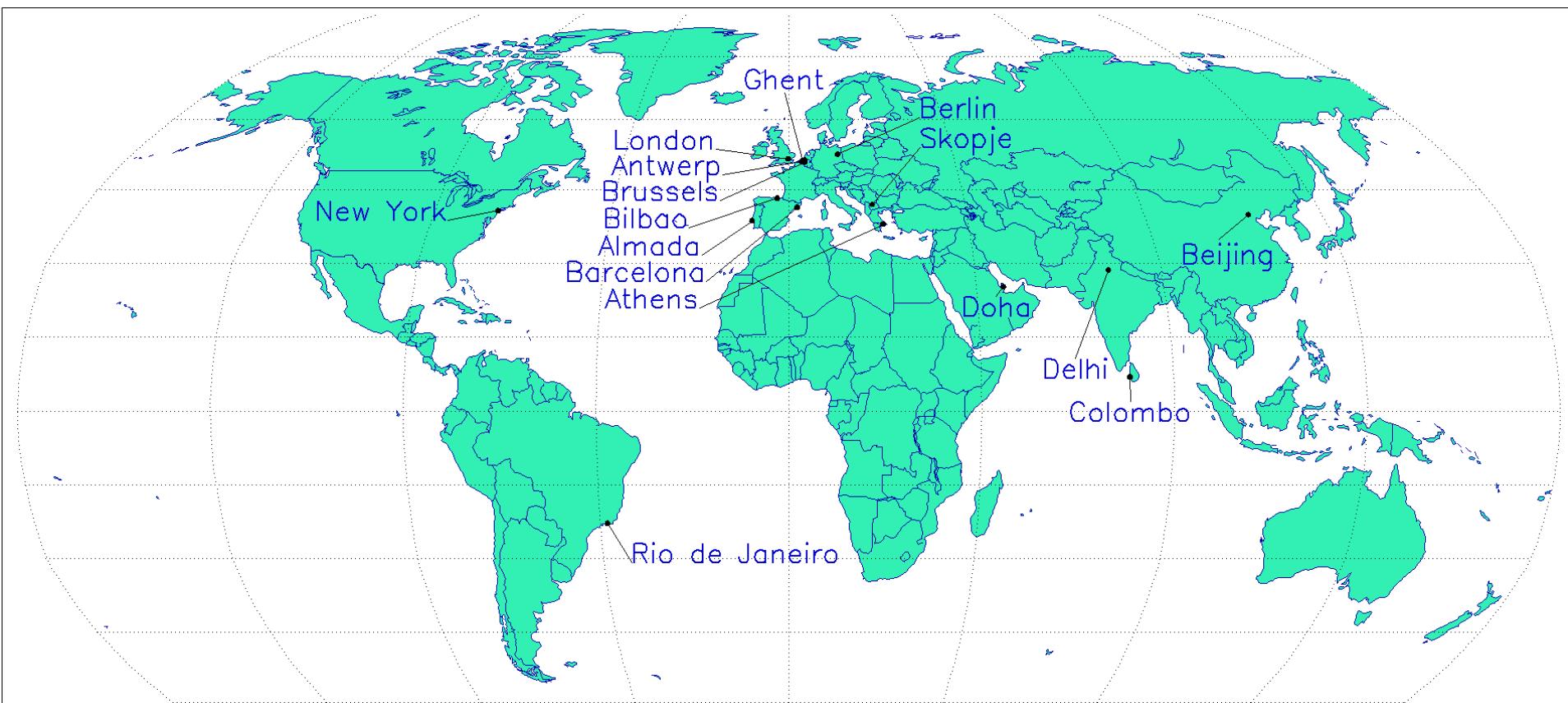


**100m resolution**

# THE URBCLIM MODEL

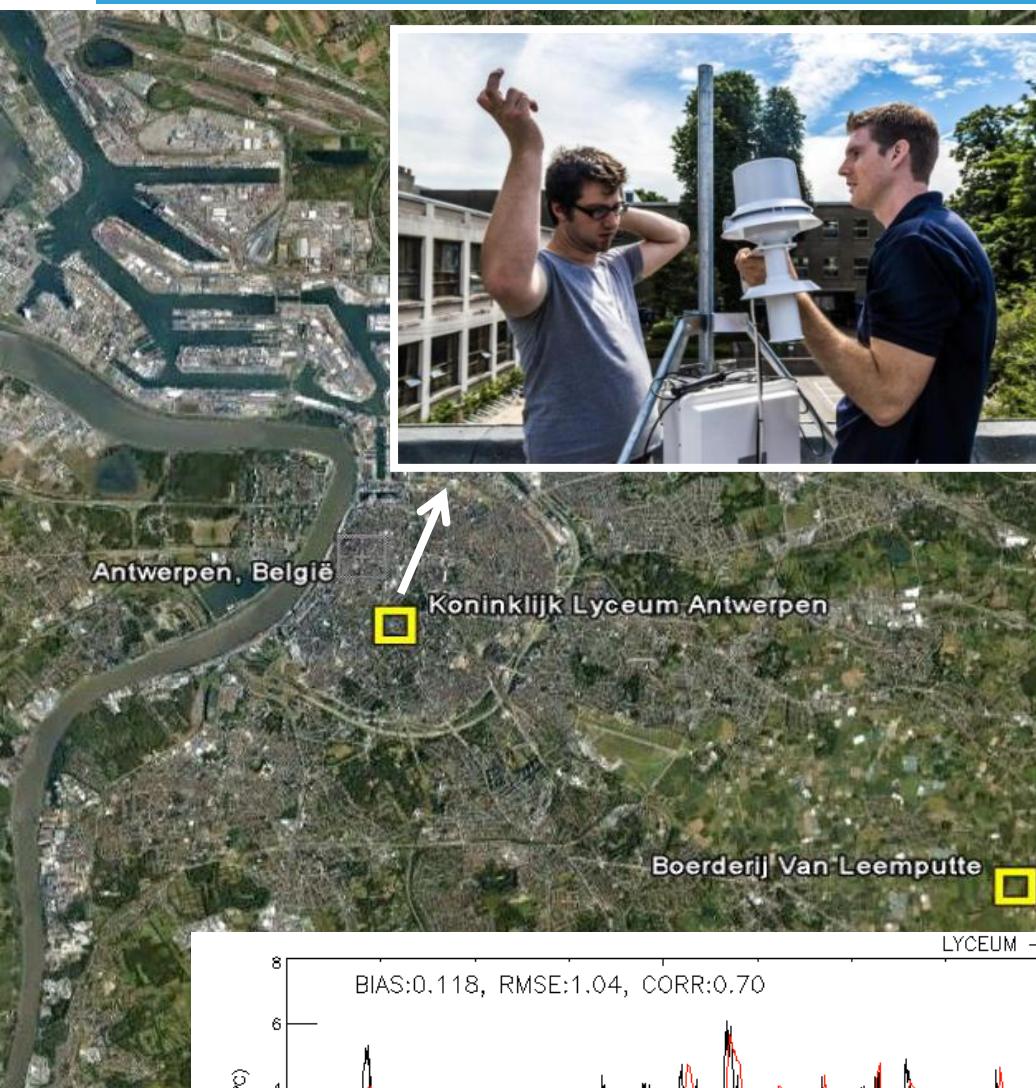


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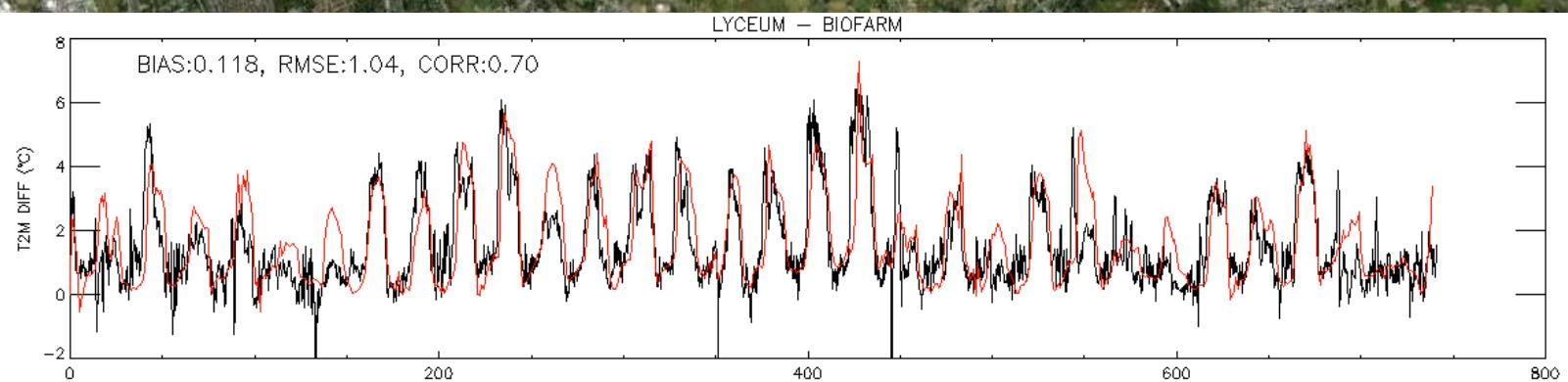


WORLD BANK

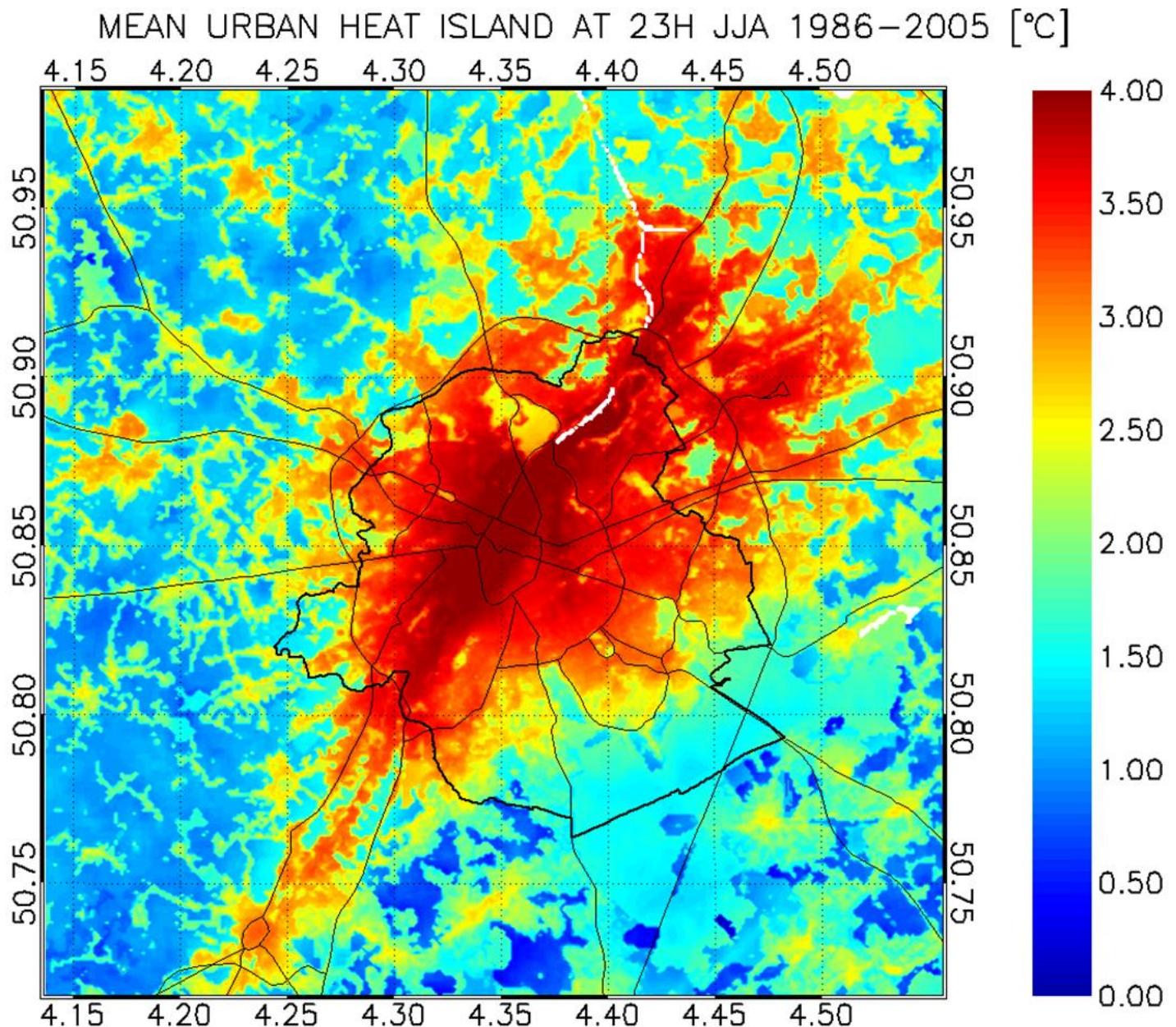
# MODEL VALIDATION



Antwerp – Lauwaet et al., 2015, Climate  
Ghent – De Ridder et al., 2015, Urban Climate  
Brussels – Lauwaet et al., 2016, Urban Climate  
Barcelona – Garcia-Diez et al., 2016, Geosc. Mod. Dev.  
London – Zhou et al., 2016, J. App. Meteo. & Clim.  
Delhi - Sharma et al., 2017, Th. App. Clim. (in review)  
Berlin, Lisbon, Bilbao – FP7 projects NACLIM and RAMSES

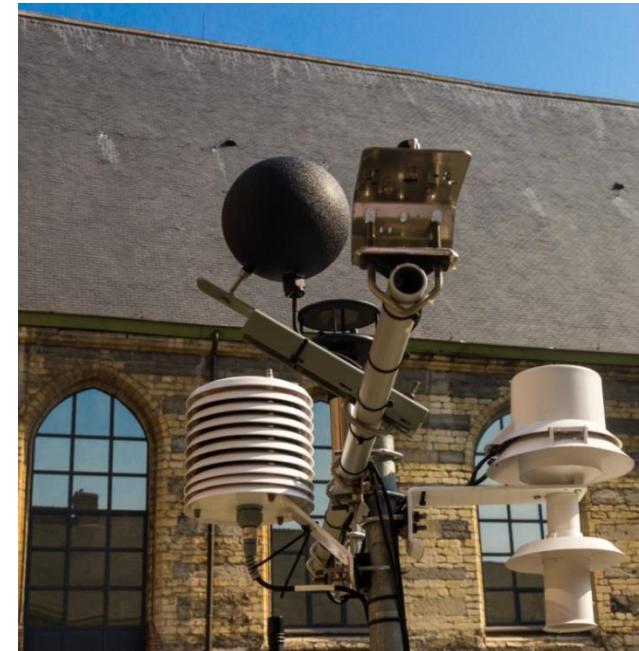


# THE UHI OF BRUSSELS



## DAYTIME HEAT STRESS

- Air temperatures don't tell the complete story
- Important factors for thermal comfort
  - Wind speed
  - Radiation load
  - Humidity
- Indicator: Wet Bulb Globe Temperature (ISO standard)
- 3D building data and detailed location trees needed
- Incorporated in legislation in several countries (incl Belgium)

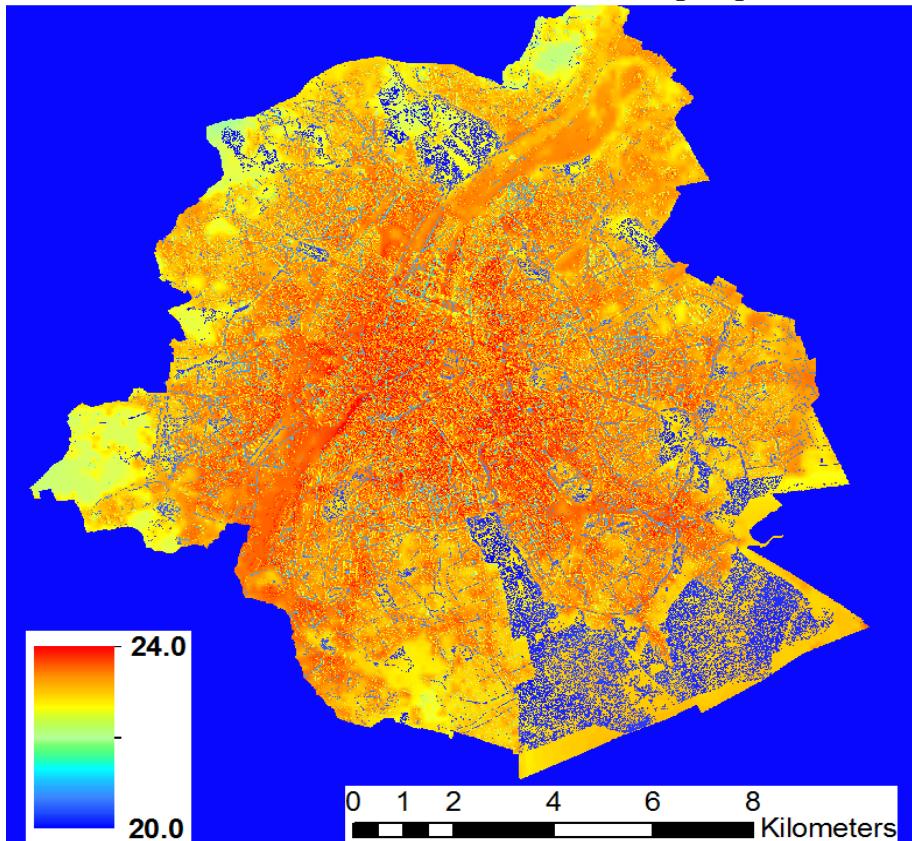


Afwisseling in het werk	WBGT-waarden			
	Licht werk	Halfzwaar werk	Zwaar werk	Zeer zwaar werk
45 min werk – 15 min rust	29,5	27	23	19
30 min werk – 30 min rust	30	28	24,5	21

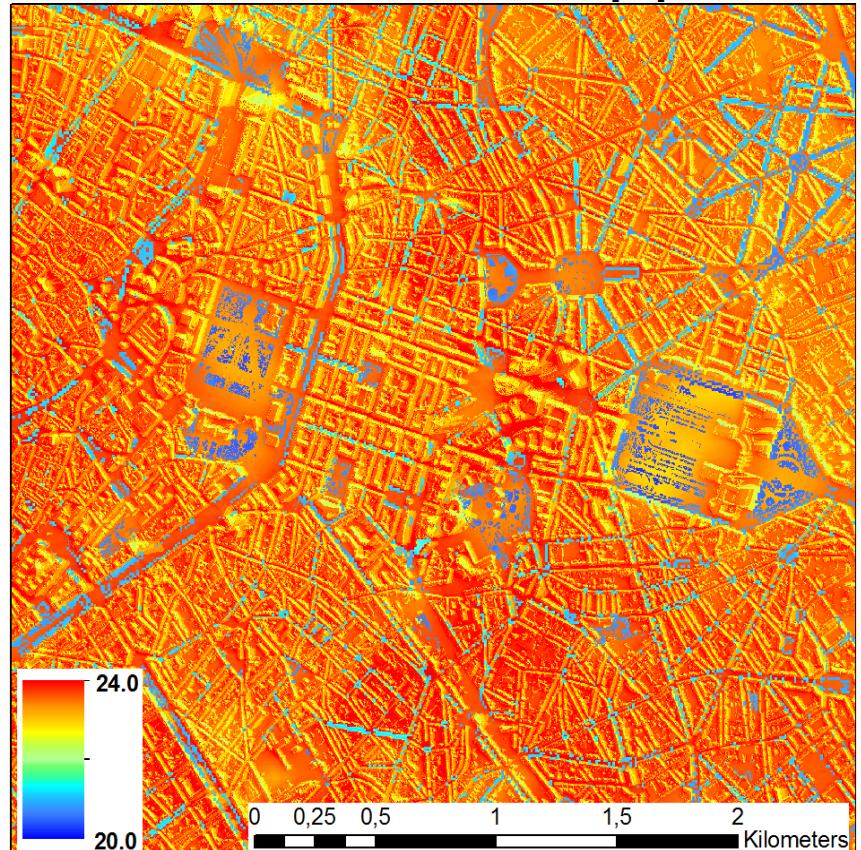
FOD Werkgelegenheid, Arbeid en Sociaal overleg

## DAYTIME HEAT STRESS

MEAN WBGT 12/08/2003 [°C]

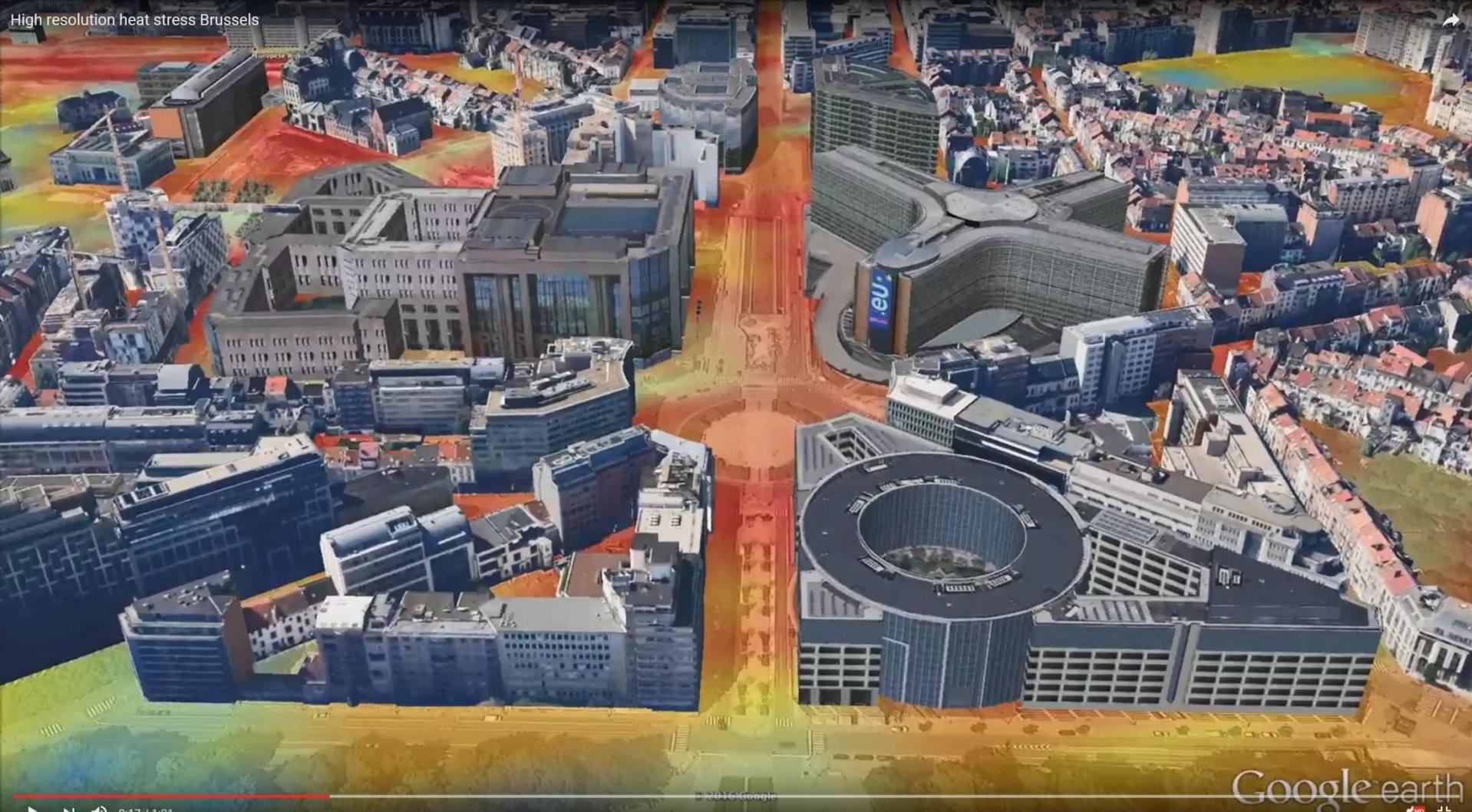


MEAN WBGT 12/08/2003 [°C]



Movie: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ax0DRg2HDtg>

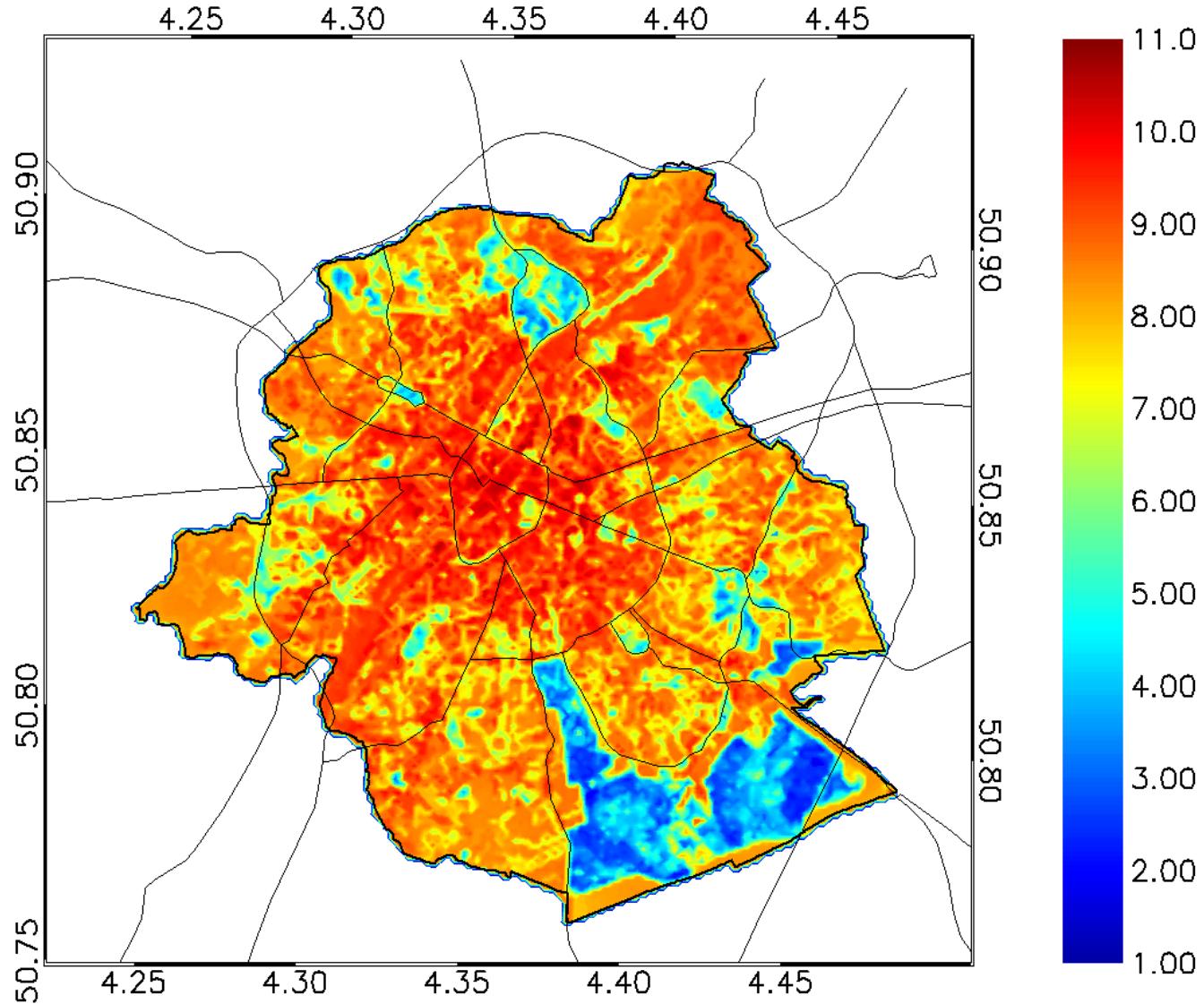
## HIGH RESOLUTION HEAT STRESS



# OUTDOOR PRODUCTIVITY LOSSES

WBGT: related to lost working hours

POTENTIALY LOST WORKING HOURS – HEAVY WORK JJA 2003 [%]



## URBAN CLIMATE PROJECTIONS

- Based on ALARO EURO-CORDEX simulations
- Scenarios RCP8.5 and RCP4.5
- 2 time frames:
  - Near future (2026 – 2045)
  - Far future (2081 – 2100)

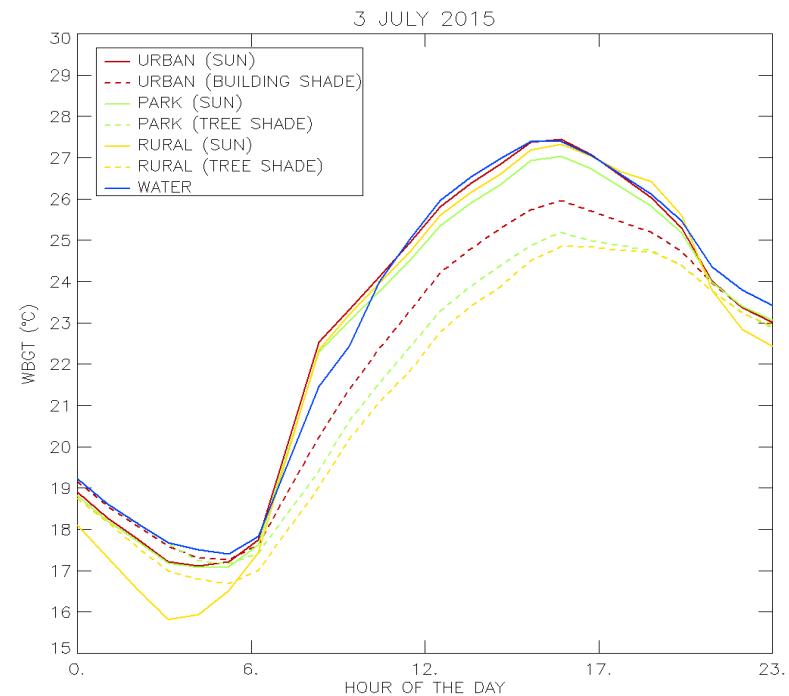
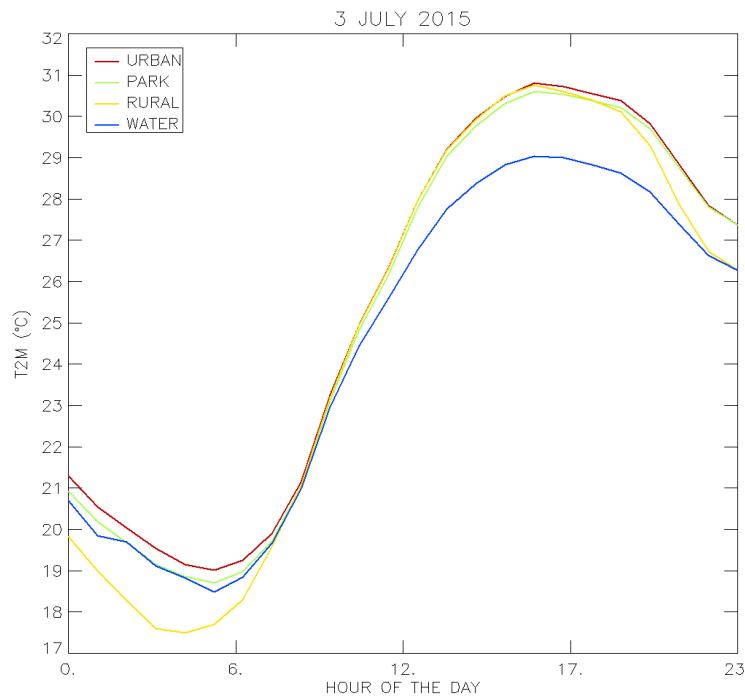
Potential impact of climate change on indicators for heat stress, energy use and productivity losses for dense urban areas (soil sealing > 90%) in Brussels

	1986-2005	2081-2100 (RCP8.5)
<b>UHI intensity [°C]</b>	3.7	3.9
<b>Heat Wave Days</b>	4.2	15.9
<b>Cooling Degree Days</b>	28.2	74.0
<b>Lost Working Days</b>		
<i>Light work</i>	0.9	2.6
<i>Medium-heavy work</i>	1.1	3.4
<i>Heavy work</i>	3.0	6.3
<i>Very heavy work</i>	8.8	15.6

## GREEN/BLUE ADAPTATION MEASURES



# GREEN/BLUE ADAPTATION MEASURES



Lauwaet et al., 2017, Landscape and Urban Planning, submitted

- ⇒ Significant (but local) effects can be obtained with green/blue adaptation measures
- ⇒ Best to apply and combine measures as much as possible everywhere in a city
- ⇒ No-regret measures, will improve quality of living in a city

**THANK YOU!**



<http://vegetalcity.net>

- » Questions?
- » More information:
  - » [www.urban-climate.be/](http://www.urban-climate.be/)
  - » [Dirk.lauwaet@vito.be](mailto:Dirk.lauwaet@vito.be)

